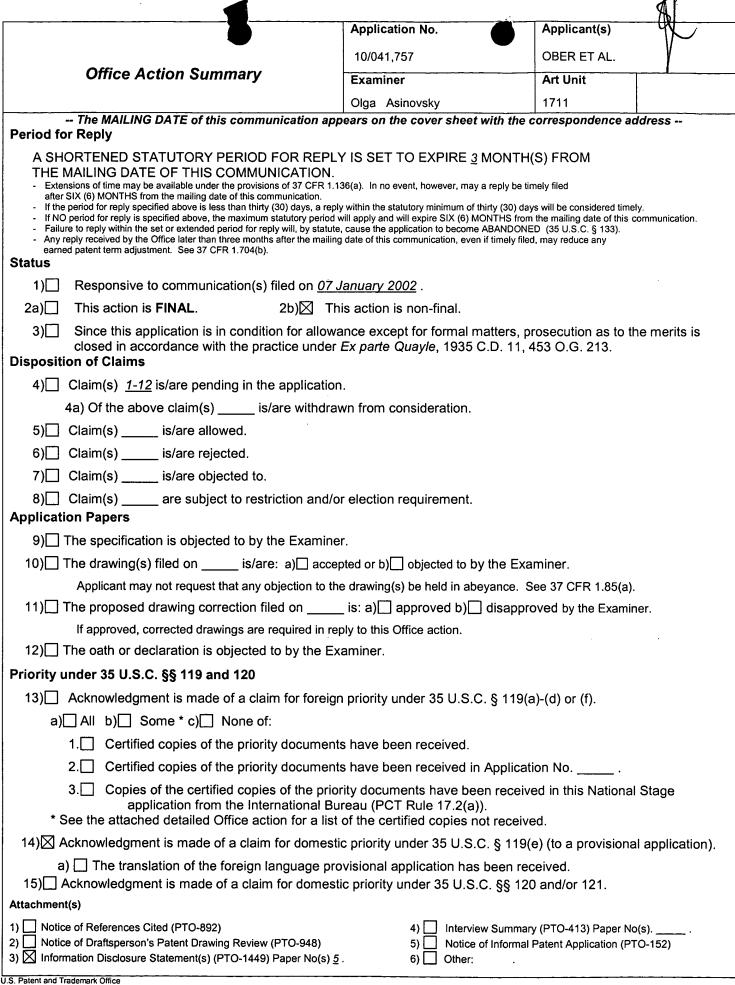


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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/041,757	01/07/2002	Christopher K. Ober	1153.027US1	3212
21186	7590 07/01/2003		,	9
SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A. P.O. BOX 2938 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			EXAMINER	
			ASINOVSKY, OLGA	
		•	ART UNIT.	PAPER NUMBER
			1711	
			DATE MAILED: 07/01/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group I, claims 1-12 in Paper No. 8 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Article of Xiang, Maoliang et al, "Surface Stability in Liquid-Crystalline Block Copolymers with Semifluorinated Monodendron Side Groups", Macromolecules, Vol. 33, No. 16, (08/2000), pages 6106-6119 (cited by applicants in the Form 1449).

The present invention is a compound consisting of a block copolymer comprising a block copolymer of a polystyrene block and blocks of 1,2/3,4-isoprene and wherein a said block copolymer represented by the formula (I) in claim 1 has a fluorine-containing compound represented by the formula (II) or (III) in claim 1.

Reference- Article of Xiang, Maoliang et al discloses at page 6109, Scheme 4, the block copolymer of a hydrogenated poly(styrene-b-1,2/3,4-isoprene) with the

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attached 3-armed semifluorinated monodendron side groups. Reference discloses synthesis of the analogous compound to the present claim 1.

The difference between the present claims and this Article is the requirement in the present claims of the specified ranges for the styrene block, 1,2-isoprene block and 3,4-isoprene block.

In light of the disclosure in the Article to Xiang et al., the synthesis of the block copolymers is controlled by the process conditions. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use a process for producing the block copolymer in Xiang et al wherein the ranges of each block can be selected such that indicated in the present claims because the molecular weight of each block can be controlled by the synthesis process condition for obtaining the desired molecular weight of each block.

4. Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Article of Xiang, Maoliang et al, "Surface Stability in Liquid-Crystalline Block Copolymers with Semifluorinated Monodendron Side Groups", Macromolecules, Vol. 33, No. 16, (08/2000), pages 6106-6119 in view of Ober et al U.S.Patent 5,907,017 (cited by applicants in the Form 1449).

Article to Xiang et al does not disclose a blend of the fluorinated block copolymer with a thermoplastic elastomer block copolymer for the present claims 11 and 12.

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Ober'017 discloses semifluorinated side chain containing polymers represented by the formula (II) at column 4, lines 30-35. The fluorinated polymers can be used in blends with compatible non-fluorinated polymers such as polystyrene, polyethylene, or other polymers, column 8, lines 412-46.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the fluorinated block copolymer in the Article to Xiang et al for producing a blend with other thermoplastic polymer as suggested by Ober'017 for obtaining the claimed requirement in the present claims 11-12. Because the fluorinated block copolymer has a low surface energy property as disclosed by Xiang, it is obvious to use a said fluorinated block copolymer as a modifier to improve the surface energy property of thermoplastic material.

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The prior art is relevant to the subject matter in the present claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Olga Asinovsky whose telephone number is 703-308-0041. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 703-308-2462. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

· A.G

O.A.

June 30, 2003

Olga Asinovsky Examiner Art Unit 1711

James J. Seidleck Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1700

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